dict is in. There are vital responsibilities to be met by our government without trying further experiments. There is much to do in undoing what has already been done. Our money should be stabilized before it is too late. Plans should be made for the abandonment of the A.A.A. as soon as it is practicable. The N.R.A. should be abandoned, unless it be possible to devise some provisions to prevent exploitation of labor and of the consumer.

As for legislation now pending, some of it is distinctly evil, and none of it in its present form is wholly satisfactory. None of it is likely to contribute to recovery. All banking legislation should be postponed until conditions are more stable. There should be devised a way to control the utilities without destroying them. The economic security measures in their present form will not serve any immediate good.

At this time the government should concentrate on two objectives. One is the balancing of the budget. It should reduce expenditures to the lowest possible level. The other is the economical and non-political administration of relief. There is now at the disposition of the administration an almost inconceivable sum of four billion, eight hundred million dollars for relief. This sum represents $8,000 for every minute of every hour of every day for an entire year. With the grant of this appropriation the last shadow of an excuse for further experiments is gone. All that the people of this country need now is the assurance that they will be permitted to do the job of bringing recovery from depression. They have not had this assurance for two years. That assurance is all they need.